United Arab Emirates Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET

The United Arab Emirates GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, environmental tobacco smoke exposure (ETS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components United Arab Emirates could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The United Arab Emirates GYTS was a school-based survey of students in 1st - 3rd intermediate and 1st secondary,

conducted in 2002. A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of United Arab Emirates. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 95.1%, and the overall response rate was 95.1%. A total of 4178 students participated in the United Arab Emirates GYTS.

Prevalence

20.9% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Male = 29.5%, Female = 10.9%)

21.9% currently use any tobacco product (Male = 29.7%, Female = 12.6%)

8.9% currently smoke cigarettes (Male = 14.3%, Female = 2.9%)

17.8% currently use other tobacco products (Male = 22.8%, Female = 11.2%)

11.1% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

31.0% think boys and 16.7% think girls who smoke have more friends 27.9% think boys and 17.1% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

13.7% usually smoke at home

48.4% buy cigarettes in a store

79.7% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

Environmental Tobacco Smoke

31.6% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

37.1% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

70.6% think smoking should be banned from public places

61.7% think smoke from others is harmful to them

27.8% have one or more parents who smoke

8.3% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

66.8% want to stop smoking

64.2% tried to stop smoking during the past year

86.5% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

74.2% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

76.9% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

74.2% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

13.3% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

12.6% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

46.1% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking

28.2% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

44.7% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

- 22% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 9% currently smoke cigarettes; 18% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- ETS exposure is high 3 in 10 students live in homes where others smoke in their presence; almost 4 in 10 are exposed to smoke in public places; 3 in 10 have parents who smoke.
- 6 in 10 students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- 7 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- 2 in 3 smokers want to quit.
- 3 in 4 students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; 3 in 4 students saw procigarette ads in the past 30 days.